

# Perovskia (Russian Sage)

## 72ct Plug

Container:

Trade 1 Gallon Container

Finish:

10-12 weeks

When To Plant:

Summer to late summer

## Grade #1 Bare Root

Container:

Premium 1 Gallon Pot

Finish:

8-10 weeks

When To Plant:

Early to late spring

## Growing Temperature:

68-72° F

## EC Level:

1.5-2.0 pour through method

## Vernalization:

Cold beneficial. Providing 6-9 weeks of cold improves overall flower performance.

## Pests and Diseases:

Aphids, leaf hoppers, spider mites, and white flies tend to be the most common pests seen on Perovskia crops. Root rot and stem blight are most common diseases. Most diseases can be avoided using proper growing practices.

## Moisture:

For potting soil use Well-drained soil mix of bark and peat.

In the landscape, Perovskia are well-known for being drought tolerant. Generally in production, grow your plants moderately moist to slightly dry. Perovskia will do well with either drip irrigation or overhead irrigation. Be sure to irrigate in the morning to allow the foliage to dry by evening. Perovskia do not like to remain under wet conditions for a long period of time because it may cause root rot.

## Lighting:

Perovskia is day length neutral and does not require artificial lighting to flower. However, high light levels are recommended during the growing season—this is a full sun plant. Grow this crop under clear plastic indoors or in direct sunlight outdoors. Proper lighting will keep your plants more compact; low light levels will cause the plant to stretch.

## Soil pH:

6.0-6.5

## Fertility:

We recommend 75-100ppm Nitrogen constant liquid feed for optimum growth at every watering or incorporate slow release fertilizer at a rate of 1.0-1.25 lbs. per cubic yard of growing media. The recommended EC rate is 1.5-2.0 using the pour-through method.

## Potting and Timing:

Based on our trials, we recommend planting bare root Perovskia in spring for a quick turn crop. If you prefer small plugs, such as a 72ct plug, we recommend planting in late summer of the season prior to sales. Both bare root and summer planted plugs finish in Premium 1-gallon containers. Spring planting small plugs is not recommended, because they typically require two plugs per pot to bulk up properly. If you do choose this route, choose a smaller container to finish, such as a trade 1-gallon container.

## Planting Level:

Plug even with soil line. Bare root crown slightly below soil line.

## PGRs/Pinching:

The plants can be toned using spray applications of 2,500-ppm daminozide (B-Nine, Dazide) or the tank mixture of 2,000-ppm daminozide plus 3-ppm uniconazole (Concise, Sumagic).

## Other Comments:

Perovskia is a very hardy perennial. The best way to overwinter them is in a minimally heated greenhouse kept slightly above freezing. However, they may also be overwintered outdoors under a heavy frost blanket or in an unheated greenhouse. Bait liberally for rodents over the winter and do not let plants sit wet or crown and root rots may settle in.



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